REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2000 AND 1999

Deloitte.

Deloitte & Touche P.O. Box 500308 Saipan, MP 96950-0308

Tel: +1 670 322 7337/0860/0861 Fax: +1 670 322 7340 www.dttguam.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Commonwealth Utilities Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of the Commonwealth Utilities Corporation (CUC), a component unit of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), as of September 30, 2000 and 1999, and the related statements of (loss) earnings and retained earnings and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of CUC's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Because of inadequacies in the accounting records and internal control, we were unable to determine that utility receivables, inventory, due from grantor agencies, utility plant and obligations under capital lease were fairly stated as of September 30, 2000 and 1999. Furthermore, in our judgment, the balances of utility receivables, inventory, due from grantor agencies and utility plant materially affect the determination of results of operations and cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2000 and 1999. In addition, CUC management was unable to provide minutes of Board of Directors meetings subsequent to December 14, 2004. Accordingly, there was an incomplete record of management and Board of Directors' actions and decisions.

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the propriety of utility receivables, inventory, due from grantor agencies, utility plant and obligations under capital lease as of September 30, 2000 and 1999 been determined, and their effect on the results of operations and cash flows, been determinable, and had we received minutes of the Board of Directors meetings subsequent to December 14, 2004 as discussed in the third paragraph, such financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CUC as of September 30, 2000 and 1999, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in note 2 to the financial statements, CUC changed its method of accounting for contributions in aid in 2000 to conform with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

As described in note 8 to the financial statements, CUC implemented the accounting guidance included in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 01-8, which clarifies the accounting treatment for energy purchase agreements.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Statement of Revenues and Expenses on a Divisional Basis for the year ended September 30, 2000 (page 18) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of CUC. This statement is the responsibility of the management of CUC. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, except as discussed in the third paragraph above, is fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2005, on our consideration of CUC's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

March 21, 2005

Deloite & Touche

Balance Sheets September 30, 2000 and 1999

<u>ASSETS</u>

	2000	1999 As Restated
Utility plant: Electric plant Water plant Sewer plant Administrative equipment Construction work in progress	\$ 105,998,553 50,297,630 16,783,489 4,032,335 18,487,641 195,599,648	\$ 99,999,933 45,821,455 16,763,605 3,801,897 19,640,384 186,027,274
Less accumulated provision for depreciation	(81,452,997)	(73,358,249)
Net utility plant	114,146,651	<u>112,669,025</u>
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable: Utility Other	12,947,921 24,349,732 2,054,663	9,315,758 20,791,911 1,633,124
Less accumulated provision for uncollectible accounts	26,404,395 (15,493,253)	22,425,035 _(4,635,163)
Net accounts receivable	10,911,142	17,789,872
Inventory, less allowance for obsolescence of \$1,159,467 in 2000 and 1999 Due from grantor agencies	9,630,880 534,709	9,387,283 790,826
Total current assets	34,024,652	37,283,739
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents	6,184,244	5,174,782
	\$ <u>154,355,547</u>	\$ 155,127,546

Balance Sheets, Continued September 30, 2000 and 1999

CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES

	2000	1999 (As Restated)
Capitalization: Retained earnings	\$6,272,038	\$ _18,503,331
Long-term debt: Obligations under capital lease, less current maturities Loan payable less current maturities Compensated absences, less current portion	8,788,557 326,664 254,248 9,369,469	9,306,865 363,203 431,180 10,101,248
Commitments and contingencies		
Current liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Current obligations under capital lease Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued payroll Compensated absences, current portion Customer deposits Payable to CNMI Office of the Public Auditor Interest payable Total current liabilities	61,605,289 518,306 11,573,078 279,193 679,475 650,748 7,294,615 2,777,222 53,336,114 138,714,040	61,603,180 433,136 7,474,262 279,273 449,833 565,829 7,120,347 2,158,854 46,438,253 126,522,967
	\$ <u>154,355,547</u>	\$ <u>155,127,546</u>

Statements of (Loss) Earnings and Retained Earnings Years Ended September 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000	1999 (As Restated)
Operating revenues: Power Water Sewer Franchise income Other	\$ 54,403,356 8,348,516 2,155,419 559,093 883,088	\$ 54,592,641 7,060,230 2,073,597 558,160 501,727
Total operating revenues	66,349,472	64,786,355
Operating expenses: Production fuel General and administrative Bad debts Depreciation Maintenance Other production Supplies Other	27,956,569 18,023,381 10,870,454 8,106,414 7,543,525 3,042,334 704,080 196,207	17,452,854 17,557,100 321,062 6,746,939 9,245,029 2,967,842 763,029 136,138
Total operating expenses	76,442,964	55,189,993
(Loss) earnings from operations	(10,093,492)	9,596,362
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest income Federal grant income Foreign exchange gain Interest expense CNMI Office of the Public Auditor funding	813,257 - (8,624,724) _(683,368)	633,082 52,470 97 (7,800,229) (664,365)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	(8,494,835)	(7,778,945)
Net (loss) earnings before capital contributions	(18,588,327)	1,817,417
Capital contributions	6,357,034	4,305,351
Net (loss) earnings	(12,231,293)	6,122,768
Retained earnings - beginning	18,503,331	12,380,563
Retained earnings - ending	\$ <u>6,272,038</u>	\$ <u>18,503,331</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities: (Loss) earnings from operations Adjustments to reconcile (loss) earnings from operations	\$ (10,093,492)	\$ 9,596,362
to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Bad debts (Increase) decrease in assets:	8,106,414 10,870,454	6,746,939 321,062
Accounts receivable: Utility Other Inventory	(3,557,821) (421,539) (243,597)	(6,871,328) 372,950 (2,589,329)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued payroll	4,098,816 (92,093) 229,642	2,359,747 279,788 (92,348)
Customer deposits Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>174,268</u> <u>9,071,052</u>	<u>198,426</u> <u>10,322,269</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Payments to CNMI Office of the Public Auditor Operating grants received	(65,000)	(55,000) 52,470
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities	(65,000)	(2,530)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Capital contributions Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal repayment of debt Interest paid on outstanding debt Net disbursements for capital grants (Increase) decrease in restricted assets	(9,596,404) 6,357,034 - (467,568) (1,726,863) 256,117 (1,009,462)	(17,390,584) 4,305,351 9,959,000 (3,246,426) (1,141,520) (319,691)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(6,187,146)	(6,677,747)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on time certificates of deposit	813,257	633,082
Net cash provided by investing activities	813,257	633,082
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,632,163	4,275,074
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	9,315,758	_5,040,684
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 12,947,921	\$ _9,315,758

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(1) Organization

The Commonwealth Utilities Corporation (CUC), a component unit of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), was established as a Public Corporation by CNMI Public Law 4-47, as amended by Public Law 5-47, effective October 1, 1985, and began operations on October 1, 1987. CUC was given responsibility for supervising the construction, maintenance, operations, and regulation of all utility services, including power, sewage, refuse collection, telephone, cable television, and water, provided however, that whenever feasible, CUC shall contract for private businesses to assume its duties with respect to one or more of these divisions. CUC was also designated the responsibility to establish rates, meter, bill and collect fees in a fair and rational manner from all customers of utility services in order for CUC to become financially independent of appropriations by the CNMI Legislature. CUC is governed by a nine-member Board of Directors, appointed for terms of four years by the Governor of the CNMI.

Public Law 4-47 effected transfer to CUC of identifiable assets, liabilities, operations, and unexpended capital improvement funding allocations formerly administered directly by the CNMI Department of Public Works.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of CUC conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental entities, specifically proprietary funds. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, requires that proprietary activities apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Statements and Interpretations issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989. CUC has implemented GASB 20 and elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Accounting

Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the balance sheets. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases and decreases in net total assets.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Basis of Accounting, Continued

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Revenues are recorded as billed to customers on a monthly cycle billing basis. At the end of each month, unbilled revenues are accrued for each cycle based on the most recent cycle billing.

Budgets

In accordance with CNMI Public Law 3-68, the Planning and Budgeting Act of 1983, CUC submits annual budgets to the CNMI Office of the Governor.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the balance sheets and the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, cash in checking and savings accounts, and short-term time certificates of deposit with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired. At September 30, 2000 and 1999, CUC's cash and cash equivalents are substantially with federally insured banks. CNMI law does not require government agency funds to be collateralized in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limits; therefore, any amounts in excess of these limits are uncollateralized. FDIC insurance aggregated \$184,423 and \$200,000 at September 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Short-term time certificates of deposit amounting to \$6,184,244 and \$5,174,782 as of September 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, represent customer deposits, which must be segregated pursuant to CUC policy, and accordingly, are classified as restricted in the accompanying financial statements.

Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

CUC provides utility services to customers within the CNMI and bills for these services on a monthly basis. The accumulated provision for uncollectible accounts is stated at an amount which management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on accounts receivable that may become uncollectible based on evaluations of the collectibility of these accounts and prior collection experience. The allowance is established through a provision for bad debts charged to expense.

Inventory

Inventories of fuel are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market (net realizable value). Inventories of supplies and materials are valued at average cost.

Utility Plant and Depreciation

Utility plant are stated at cost, where available. Cost of certain utility plant transferred from the CNMI Department of Public Works, is based on contract amounts to construct certain utility plant. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Current policy is to capitalize items in excess of \$300.

- 8 -

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Utility Plant and Depreciation, Continued

Capitalization of Interest

CUC capitalizes interest in order to recognize all costs associated with non-contributed construction projects based on CUC's weighted average borrowing rate. During the years ended September 30, 2000 and 1999, eligible interest expense was not considered significant and consequently no interest has been capitalized.

Retirement Plan

CUC contributes to the Northern Mariana Islands Retirement Fund (the Fund), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the CNMI. The Fund provides retirement, security and other benefits to employees, and their spouses and dependents, of the CNMI Government and CNMI agencies, instrumentalities, and public corporations. CNMI Public Law 6-17, the Northern Mariana Retirement Fund Act of 1988 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Fund's Board of Trustees. The Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Northern Mariana Islands Retirement Fund, P.O. Box 501247, Saipan, MP, 96950-1247.

Plan members are required to contribute 6.5% and 9.0% of their annual covered salary for Class I and Class II members, respectively, and CUC is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 26.4% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and CUC are established and may be amended by the Fund's Board of Trustees. CUC's contributions to the Fund for the years ended September 30, 2000, 1999 and 1998 were \$2,687,910, \$2,619,860, and \$2,622,676, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees. The liability at September 30, 2000 and 1999 amounted to \$904,996 and \$997,009, respectively. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The sick pay benefit liability as of September 30, 2000 and 1999, was approximately \$2,000,000.

Franchise Income

Franchise income is received from a local telecommunications company for the right to provide telecommunication services within the CNMI.

Reclassification

Certain 1999 balances in the accompanying financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2000 presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

New Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. The provisions of this statement require capital grants and contributions to be recognized as non-operating revenue on the Statements of (Loss) Earnings and Retained Earnings. In prior periods, capital grants and contributions had been recorded as a direct increase to contributions in aid in the equity section of the statement of net assets. As a result, contributed capital and retained earnings as of October 1, 1999 have been restated from the amounts previously reported.

For fiscal year 2002, CUC will be implementing GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, which was subsequently amended by Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and modified by Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Disclosures. These statements establish financial reporting standards for governmental entities which require that management's discussion and analysis of the financial activities be included with the basic financial statements and notes and modifies certain other financial statement disclosure requirements. CUC is required to adopt GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 38 in fiscal year 2002. For fiscal year 2005, CUC will be implementing GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3) and GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. As of September 30, 2000, CUC has not evaluated the financial statement impact of GASB Statement Nos. 34, 37, 38, 40 and 42.

(3) Due From Grantor Agencies

CUC is a subrecipient of federal grants received by the CNMI from various U.S. federal agencies. CUC follows the accounting principle generally accepted in the United States of America of recording grants-in-aid for construction or acquisition of facilities and equipment as contributions. Excess grant disbursements over receipts are recognized as due from grantor agencies until funds are received in accordance with grant terms and conditions.

Changes in the due from grantor agencies accounts for the years ended September 30, 2000 and 1999, are as follows:

	2000	<u>1999</u>
Balance at beginning of year Adjustments Deductions - cash receipts from grantor agencies Additions - program outlays	\$ 790,824 (718,304) (5,174,318) 5,636,507	\$ 471,135 (4,231,570) 4,551,261
Balance at end of year	\$ 534,709	\$ 790,826

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(4) Utility Plant

Utility plant at September 30, 2000 and 1999, consists of the following:

Utility plant:	Estimat <u>Useful L</u>	Oct ed 1, 1	nce at ober 999 estated)	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance at September 30, 2000
Electric plant Water plant Sewer plant Administrative equipme	20 ye 20 ye 20 ye ent 3 - 5 ye	ars 45,8 ars 16,7	99,933 \$ 21,455 63,605 01,897	5,998,620 4,476,175 19,884 230,438	\$ =	\$ 105,998,553 50,297,630 16,783,489 4,032,335
Less accumulated provision for depreciation	on	04045000	86,890 58,249)	10,725,117 (8,094,748)	# 	177,112,007 (81,452,997)
Construction work in prog	ress		28,641 40,384	2,630,369	(1,152,743)	95,659,010 18,487,641
		\$ <u>112,6</u>	<u>69,025</u> \$	2,630,369	\$ <u>(1,152,743)</u>	\$ <u>114,146,651</u>
Hellin olomi	Estimated Useful Lives	Balance at October 1, 1998	Addition	ns <u>Deletions</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Balance at September 30, 1999
Utility plant: Electric plant Water plant Sewer plant Administrative equipment	20 years \$ 20 years 20 years 3 - 5 years	90,289,795 43,366,054 16,531,191 3,436,380	\$ 11,167,69 1,346,50 96,65 	8 -	\$ (1,457,554) 1,108,893 135,760 92,503	\$ 99,999,933 45,821,455 16,763,605 3,801,897
Less accumulated provision for depreciation		153,623,420 (65,391,603)	12,883,86 <u>(6,763,14</u>		(120,398) (1,203,502)	166,386,890 (73,358,249)
Construction work in progress	s	88,231,817 18,400,833	6,120,72 4,522,92		(1,323,900) (3,283,370)	93,028,641 19,640,384
	\$	<u>106,632,650</u>	\$ <u>10,643,64</u>	<u>5</u> \$	\$ <u>(4,607,270)</u>	\$ <u>112,669,025</u>

(5) Notes Payable

A schedule of CUC's long-term debt as of September 30, 2000 and 1999, is as follows:

Promissory note payable to the Commonwealth Development Authority (CDA), a component unit of the CNMI. Principal amount available to \$30,000,000, interest at 7% per annum, with a maturity date of February 17, 2013. Principal and interest payments are due in quarterly payments of \$658,469.	\$ 30,000,000	1999 \$ 30,000,000
Promissory note payable to CDA. Principal amount available to \$16,135,650, interest at 5% per annum, with a maturity date of January 12, 2014. Principal and interest payments are due in quarterly payments of \$359,514.	16,068,750	16,068,750

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

<u>(5)</u>	Notes Payable, Continued	2000	1999
	Promissory note payable to CDA. Principal amount available to \$5,500,000, interest at 7% per annum, with a maturity date of January 30, 2000. Principal and interest payments are due in quarterly payments of \$276,471.		5,500,000
	Promissory note payable to CDA. Principal amount available to \$10,000,000 and interest at 7% per annum. Principal and interest payments are due in monthly payments of \$58,509. No promissory agreement related to this note has been signed.	10,000,000	10,000,000
		\$ <u>61,568,750</u>	\$ <u>61,568,750</u>

At September 30, 2000 and 1999, and subsequent to that date, CUC was in default of repayment terms of all notes payable to CDA. In accordance with the associated loan agreements, in the event of default, CDA may accelerate all remaining amounts due. Thus, \$61,568,750 at September 30, 2000 and 1999, associated with the notes payable to CDA along with interest payable on these notes of \$53,195,842 and \$46,291,453 as at September 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, has been classified as current liabilities within the accompanying financial statements.

(6) Loan Payable

On June 29, 1988, the CNMI executed a loan contract with the United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration in the amount of \$1,033,400. The loan contract bears interest at 6-1/8% per annum with repayments due on January 1 beginning in 1989 and continuing through 2008. Proceeds of the loan are to be used for the acquisition and construction of improvements and replacements to the Saipan Water System, which is administered by CUC. CUC is required to deposit all water system revenue and funds it receives through the "Covenant to Establish a CNMI in Political Union With the United States of America (the Covenant)" into a water system revenue fund to provide for repayment of the loan. As of September 30, 2000 and 1999, CUC had not established the required water system revenue fund but has established separate general ledger accounts to summarize water system revenues and Covenant funds. It is CUC's intention to repay the loan from these sources and management is of the opinion that its process of accounting for water system revenues and Covenant funds is in compliance with the intent of the loan agreement.

The following summarizes this loan payable as of September 30, 2000 and 1999:

Loan payable to the U.S. Department of Agriculture with		<u>2000</u>		<u>1999</u>
repayments due on January 1, beginning in 1989 through 2008, bearing interest at 6-1/8% per annum.	\$	363,203	\$	397,633
Less current portion	_	36,539	:-	34,430
Long-term loan payable	\$_	326,664	\$_	363,203

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(6) Loan Payable, Continued

Future repayment commitments of principal and interest are as follows:

Year ending September 30, Principal		. <u>I</u>	nterest	
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 Subsequent years	\$	36,539 38,777 41,152 43,672 46,347 156,716	\$	22,246 20,008 17,633 15,112 12,438 19,574
	\$	363,203	\$	107,011

(7) CNMI Office of the Public Auditor Funding

Public Law 9-66, enacted October 19, 1995, requires government agencies to pay the Commonwealth Treasurer an amount not less than the greater of 1% of its total operations budget from sources other than legislative appropriations or pursuant to any other formula, which the Public Auditor and the agency may agree, to fund the Office of the Public Auditor (OPA). At September 30, 2000 and 1999, CUC had an outstanding payable to OPA in the amount of \$2,777,222 and \$2,158,854, respectively.

(8) Capital Lease

On June 10, 1997, CUC entered into an agreement with a contractor for the construction, maintenance and operation, and transfer of ownership of a 10 Megawatt Power Plant on the island of Tinian. The agreement is for a guaranteed price of \$9,959,000 plus interest and fees of \$11,641,000 payable over ten years in equal monthly installments of \$180,000. During this period, the contractor will maintain and operate the power plant and be paid operation, production and maintenance fees of \$50,000 per month in addition to the guaranteed price. Additionally, CUC will pay a production fee of two cents (\$0.02) per plant-produced kilowatt hour for as long as the operations and maintenance portion of the contract is in effect. The power plant will be turned over to CUC at the end of the ten year period from the date of substantial completion. On December 13, 1998, CUC executed a change order to expand the 10 Megawatt Power Plant to 30 Megawatts. Such expansion is to be fulfilled within the ten year period as stated in the original agreement.

CUC implemented accounting guidance of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 01-8, which provides guidance in determining when purchase agreements may be subject to lease accounting. CUC has determined that the agreement to purchase electricity is in fact a capital lease to acquire the plant and that the capacity payments made under the agreement are lease payments. The operation, production and maintenance payments and production fees under the agreement are reflected as energy conversion costs under other production expense.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(8) Capital Lease, Continued

The effects of adopting EITF No. 01-8 were to increase plant and obligations under capital lease by \$9,959,000. CUC has not obtained the actual cost of the power plant and has not obtained an appraisal to determine the fair value of the leased property, which is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result, management has not been able to assess its compliance with the EITF requirements and the impact of this matter on the accompanying financial statements is uncertain. The lease has an effective interest rate of 18%.

CUC may, without penalty, discharge the entire outstanding balance of the guaranteed price by paying a discounted amount equal to the adjusted guaranteed price as follows:

Period	Amount
End of year 3	\$ 9,783,000
End of year 4	\$ 8,821,000
End of year 5	\$ 7,750,000
End of year 6	\$ 6,540,000
End of year 7	\$ 5,200,000
End of year 8	\$ 3,900,000

Future repayment commitments of principal and interest are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 Subsequent years	\$ 518,306 620,225 742,183 888,122 1,062,758 5,475,269	\$ 1,641,692 1,539,774 1,417,817 1,271,878 1,097,241 1,904,733
	\$ <u>9,306,863</u>	\$ 8,873,135

(9) Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

CUC has entered into a commitment to borrow \$89,000,000 from the Commonwealth Development Authority for proposed capital improvement projects. As of September 30, 2000 and 1999, CUC had entered into promissory note agreements for \$30,000,000, \$16,135,650, and \$5,500,000 against the \$89 million as described in note 5. Although CUC retains the ability to borrow, management does not believe that future borrowing will occur.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(9) Commitments and Contingencies, Continued

Commitments, Continued

On September 23, 1996, CUC entered into an agreement with a third party for the purchase of electric power and associated services. The agreement provides for a monthly minimum purchase of 7,300,000 kilowatt-hours (KWH) at \$0.033 per KWH after January 1, 1998. Additionally, the agreement provides for periodic adjustment of the prices agreed upon but not to exceed 10% of the price then in effect. The agreement will expire on July 31, 2006 and renewable for an additional ten year period to expire on July 31, 2016. Future minimum commitments related to the purchase of electric power are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Minimum Payment			
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	\$ 2,740,700 2,890,800 2,960,880 3,101,040 3,101,040 2,584,200			
	\$ <u>17,378,660</u>			

Contingencies

CUC entered into certain memorandums of understanding (MOUs) with developers who paid CUC sewer connection fees in excess of that required by CUC's regulations. To the extent that CUC has not complied with obligations imposed on it by the MOUs (i.e., depositing the contributions in a special fund, making accountings, and spending the contributions for specified capital improvement projects), developers could consider CUC to have breached the terms of the MOUs. The maximum amount that CUC could be required to expend pursuant to the MOUs is \$3,027,951. No provision for any liability that may result upon resolution of this matter has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

CUC currently does not maintain insurance coverage with respect to its inventory and utility plant. In the event of a loss, CUC will be self insured for the entire amount. No provision for any liability that may result upon resolution of this matter has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

(10) Restatements

Effective fiscal year 2000, CUC implemented GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. The provisions of this statement require capital grants and contributions to be recognized as non-operating revenue on the Statements of (Loss) Earnings and Retained Earnings. In prior periods, capital grants and contributions had been recorded as a direct increase to contributions in aid in the equity section of the Balance Sheet. As a result, contributed capital and retained earnings have been restated from the amounts previously reported.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(10) Restatements, Continued

As discussed in note 8, CUC implemented accounting guidance of EITF No. 01-8 and determined that an agreement previously recorded as a note payable is in fact, a capital lease.

Subsequent to the issuance of CUC's 1999 financial statements, CUC's management determined that utility plant was overstated as of September 30, 1999. As a result, utility plant and accumulated depreciation have been restated from the amounts previously reported.

A summary of the above restatements is as follows:

	As Previously <u>Reported</u>	Restated
Electric plant	\$ <u>101,457,487</u>	\$ <u>99,999,933</u>
Water plant	\$ <u>44,712,562</u>	\$ <u>45,821,455</u>
Sewer plant	\$ <u>16,627,845</u>	\$ <u>16,763,605</u>
Administrative equipment	\$ 3,709,394	\$ _3,801,897
Construction work in progress	\$ 22,923,754	\$ 19,640,384
Accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>(72,154,747)</u>	\$ (73,358,249)
Notes payable	\$ <u>71,308,751</u>	\$ <u>61,568,750</u>
Obligations under capital lease	\$	\$ <u>9,740,001</u>
Deficit	\$ <u>(35,165,160)</u>	\$ <u>12,380,563</u>
Contributed capital	\$_52,152,993	\$

(11) Subsequent Events

On November 21, 2002, a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) was established between CDA and CUC to waive a portion of the notes payable to CDA and the conversion into equity ownership of the balance. Public Law 13-35 effectuated terms of the MOA allowing CDA to waive \$16,068,750 and waive certain specified interest payments and for other purposes. Public Law 13-36 effectuated terms of the MOA by authorizing CUC to issue shares to CDA of cumulative nonconvertible non-transferable preferred stock valued at \$45,500,000. At September 30, 2000, terms of the MOA are being negotiated between CDA and CUC and thus debt has not been waived and preferred stock has not been issued.

In January 2004, the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA), entered into on November 21, 2002 between CUC and CDA was amended to exclude a certain provision requiring CUC to obtain legislative approval for rate increases. As terms of the MOA are in the process of negotiations, no adjustments have been made to the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2000 and 1999

(11) Subsequent Events, Continued

On October 26, 2004, CUC published proposed amendments to the Electrical Service Regulations (ESR) for a fuel surcharge. The regulation limited the fuel surcharge to a maximum of 3.5 cents per kilowatt hour (kwh) for the first calendar year after adoption of the regulation, but allowed for full cost recovery in subsequent calendar years. The regulation includes an exception, required by statute, limiting the annual increase for low volume users. After notices and hearings, the fuel surcharge was adopted in January 2005. The final regulation was published on February 17, 2005 and became effective by operation of law on February 28, 2005. As a result of the regulation being finalized in 2005, the 3.5 per kwh cents cap on the surcharge will remain in effect until the end of calendar year 2005. For calendar year 2006, the formula included in the fuel surcharge regulation will be applied to establish a new ceiling and the fuel surcharge may be increased to that ceiling over the course of the year.

During the year ended September 30, 2003, CUC and the CNMI Government, with the concurrence of OPA, offset a portion of the liability related to CNMI OPA funding against utility receivables of the CNMI Government. The offset was performed through an exchange of checks for \$3,997,847.

Related to the agreement described in note 8, on May 10, 2001, CUC executed another change order (Expanded Agreement) to extend the term of the original agreement to be effective upon the execution of the expanded agreement until the later of March 31, 2020 or the completion of the term as mutually agreed upon. The expanded agreement provides for CUC to pay a base loan rate of \$0.03 plus applicable price adjustments per kilowatt-hour CUC uses each month effective March 1, 2009 until March 31, 2020. Additionally, the contractor will operate and maintain the existing distribution system of CUC for the duration of the expanded agreement at no cost to CUC. During the term of the expanded agreement, CUC is not allowed to purchase electric energy from any other producer other than the contractor for the island of Tinian.

Statement of Revenues and Expenses on a Divisional Basis Year Ended September 30, 2000

8	Power	Water	Sewer	Administrative and General	Internal Revenues and Expenses (1)	Total
Operating revenues:						
Governmental:					_	
CNMI Government	\$ 4,863,623	\$ 2,128,858	\$ 877,369		\$ -	\$ 7,869,850
CNMI agencies	3,957,100	1,100,611	737,547		(2,281,614)	3,513,644
Total governmental	8,820,723	3,229,469	1,614,916	(-	(2,281,614)	11,383,494
Commercial	33,344,804	3,094,049	788,519	F26	25	37,227,372
Residential	15,232,834	3,005,953	109,799	S.*	=	18,348,586
Grants and contributions	436,485	1,013	165	(%)	#	437,663
Miscellaneous	(1,149,876)	(981,968)	(357,980)			(1,930,731)
Other		a	*	883,088		883,088
	57 704 070	0.240.617	2 155 410	1 443 101	(2.201.714)	66.240.402
Total operating revenues	56,684,970	8,348,516	2,155,419	1,442,181	(2,281,614)	66,349,472
Operating expenses.						
Production fuel	27,956,569	*	100	1963		27,956,569
General and administrative	6,973,106	2,467,962	1,388,762	7,193,551		18,023,381
Bad debts	300	' ж	15m2	10,870,454	-	10,870,454
Depreciation	6,156,652	1,230,985	445,855	272,922	-	8,106,414
Maintenance	5,249,070	1,080,523	710,584	503,348	•	7,543,525
Other production	5,111,672	83,886	128,390	(91)	(2,281,614)	3,042,334
Supplies	211,280	255,128	100,558	137,114	-	704,080
Other	(*)			196,207	·	196,207
T 4 I	51 650 240	£ 110 494	2,774,149	10 177 506	(2,281,614)	76 442 064
Total operating expenses	51,658,349	5,118,484	2,774,149	19,173,596	(2,201,014)	76,442,964
Earnings (loss) from						
operations	5,026,621	3,230,032	(618,730)	(17,731,415)	•	(10,093,492)
operations			(===,-==,		5	(==,===,===)
Nonoperating revenues						
(expenses):				012 257		912.265
Interest income	-		·•1	813,257	:•: E2	813,257
Federal grant income Foreign exchange gain		5	- 3			2
Interest expense	(7,806,157)	(818,567)	20		:#\	(8,624,724)
CNMI Office of the Public	(7,000,137)	(810,307)				(0,024,724)
Auditor funding			180	(683,368)		(683,368)
T-4-1						
Total nonoperating	(7,806,157)	(010 567)		129,889		(9.404.015)
revenues (expenses), net	(7,800,137)	(818,567)		127,007		(8,494,835)
Net earnings (loss) before						
capital contributions	(2,779,536)	2,411,465	(618,730)	(17,601,526)	:5	(18,588,327)
	6.055.004					() 57 004
Capital contributions	6,357,034	(<u>e</u> :				6,357,034
Net earnings (loss)						
by division	\$ 3,577,498	\$ 2,411,465	\$ (618,730)	\$ (17,601,526)	\$ -	\$ (12,231,293)
al millaria	,,		(= (= (= (= ()))	7.1.7	-	,,,,,

⁽¹⁾ The Water and Sewer Divisions recognize an expense for power supplied by the Power Division to operate their facilities. The Power division recognizes internal revenue for the corresponding amount.

See accompanying independent auditors' report